

Restoring Gardens for Life

- Sustainable by design
- * A product of thoughtful decisions
 - Design
 - Implementation
 - Hygiene
- Improve with Time



www.gardenvisioninc.com

Garden Vision designs living art

More than Design Elements

- Unity
- Sequence & flow
- Proportion & scale
- Balance & boundaries
- Alignment & proximity
- Repetition & pattern
- Contrast & texture
- Use of senses
- Focal points
- Simplicity

Restoring Garden Design

- Takes the long view
- Considers the environment, ecology and eco-systems
- Works with the climate
- ❖ The Human Element
- Builds from the bottom

www.gardenvisioninc.com 360.908.5887

Garden Vision designs living art

Principle of Limiting Factors

- Plant growth is limited by the least available factor
 - Light
 - Heat
 - Air
 - * Water
 - Mutrients
 - Mechanical support (rooting medium)
- Soil supplies all, except light
- Soil improvements can improve plant vigor and growth

Take the Long View

- Design for long term use and enjoyment
 - Movement through the garden
 - Plants for the ecosystem and climate
 - Habitat
 - Water and soil conservation
 - * Greenhouse gas mitigation
 - What will this look like in the future?



www.gardenvisioninc.com

Garden Vision designs living art

• Microclimatos

- - .
- . Soil atrusture
- Native nutrients



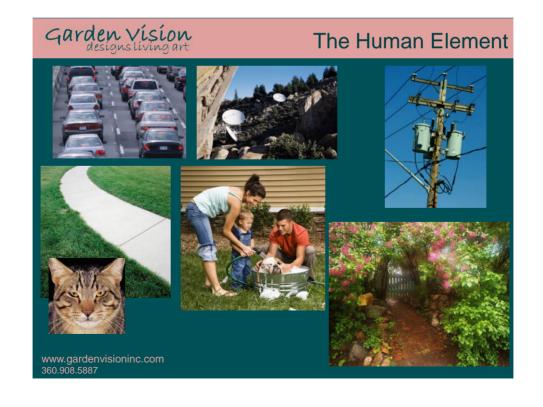


Work with the Climate

- Manage water
 - Bio-swales
 - Rain gardens
 - Green roof
 - . Pervious surfaces
 - A Catchments and cisterns
 - Work with topography



* Build good soil * Texture * Nutrients * Micro-organisms * Creates habitat * Worms * Arthropods * Nematodes * Wow, gardenvisioninc.com 360.908.5887







Plant Selection

- * Right plant, right place
 - Microclimates
 - Adaptability
 - Hydrozones
 - Natives and non-natives
- Kinship
- Polyculture
- Bug Gardens

www.gardenvisioninc.com

Garden Vision designs living art

Hydrozones

"...Intelligent placement of plant species with similar needs in areas having appropriate microclimate, soil, and water conditions so that all plants in that area thrive."



www.gardenvisioninc.com 360.908.5887 UC Cooperative Extension, El Dorado County Master Gardener http://ceeldorado.ucdavis.edu/files/15307.htm

Kinship

- Selecting plants from the same family
 - Tend to have similar cultural requirements
 Soil, light, nutrients
- Preserves genetic diversity through biological conservation
 - Abundance of species and individuals
 - Foster random mutation and adaptation

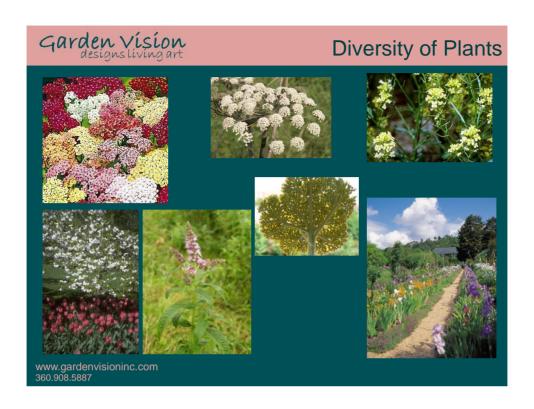
www.gardenvisioninc.com 360.908.5887

See Shapiro, Howard-Yana, Harrisson, John (2000) Gardening for the future of the earth. Seeds of Change, a Bantam Book, Random

Garden Vision designs living art

Polycultures

- Plant mulitple families for diversity
 - Roseacea, Asteracea, Lilliacea, Carophyllaceae,
 Apiaceae, Lamiaceae, Urticaceae, Carophyllaceae
 Iridaceae, Scrophulariaceae, Polygonaceae
- Some families tend to attract beneficial insects or trap others



Bug Gardens

- Biocontrol system criteria
 - Floral diversity for chemical and visual clues to stimulate contact:
 - Alternative prey and hosts to ensure availability of preferred food;
 - Providing refugia and microclimates for hiding and over-wintering; and
 - Providing supplemental nutrition (pollen for protein; nectar for carbohydrate).

Bug Gardens

- Design criteria tactics
 - Varying plant heights and textures for habitat structure
 - Choosing plants with a long blooming seasons for pollen and nectar availability
 - 'Banker plants' for breeding and dispersing;
 - 'Trap plants' to monitor populations
 - Plants that are sustainable, easily maintained; and
 - Plants with visual appeal







Bug Gardens

- ❖ Plant families that meet all these criteria
 - * Asteraceae / Compositae (aster)
 - Umbelliferae / Apiaceae (carrot)
 - Brassicaceae / Cruciferae (mustards)
 - Lamiaceae / Labiatae (mints)

www.gardenvisioninc.com

Based on research at Kwantlen University, BC, Canada

Garden Vision designs living art

Implementation

- Materials
 - Pervious surfaces
 - * Recycled items
- Methods
 - Proper soil preparation
 - Proper planting

www.gardenvisioninc.com

* Minimize tasks to maintain * Watering * Fertilize, or not * Mulch * Integrated Pest Management * Use least toxic alternative * Www.gardenvisioninc.com 360.908.5887

Garden Vision designs living art Watering Penetration of 1 Inch of Applied Water Test soil moisture at 4capacity soil feels wet. Clay capacity feels 'nicely Test: Ball of soil from 5-6" 4-6"" deep squeezed: -feels gooev and Loam 6-10" above 70% breaks easily when - won't form a ball at all when 60% or less www.gardenvisioninc.com 360.908.5887

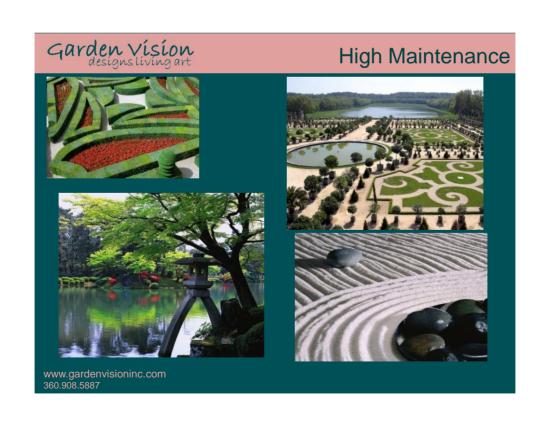
* Plants need sun, water, and food * Choose those that fit the place, soil available and your time to care for them * Plants will grow * Choose those that will look good over long periods of time with less maintenance * Plants will compete * Give them enough room to growth to their mature size * They don't stop growing * Ecological succession will occur * Fight it or accept it * As trees grow, it gets shadier, grass is replaced with shade tolerant groundcovers * Thin tree branches to maintain enough sun to keep the grass www.gardenvisioninc.com 360.908.5887

Hardscape Rules of Thumb

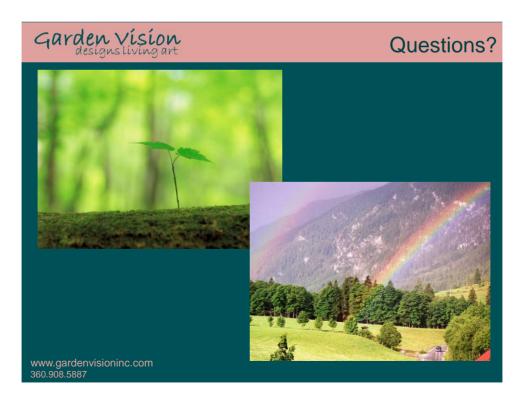
- Vehicle average size: 8' x 18'
- Vehicle turning radius: 17 40'
- Back & turn: 35' plus 54'
- Driveway width: 12 –14
- ❖ Entry walk width: 4.5' 6'
- Garden path width: 3' for equipment, 1 ½ - 2' if not
- ❖ Table for 2: 6' x 9'
- Table for 4: 10' x 10'
- Table for 6: 11' x 11' or 10' x 13'

- Steps: 2R + T <= 26" (typical 6" x 12", 7" x 9")
- Deck to ground clearance: 6"
- Deck plank spacing: 3/16" to 1/4"
- Railings: 48" high
- Bench height and depth: 18" and 16"
- Pergola height: 8-10

www.gardenvisioninc.com







Selected Resources

- Garden Washington http://gardenwashington.com/
- Institute of Sustainable Horticulture http://www.kwantlen.ca/ish/
- WSU Ag http://extension.wsu.edu/agriculture/Pages/default.aspx
- Soil Food Web http://www.soilfoodweb.com/
- WSNLA
 http://wsnla.org
- APLD http://apld.com

4

www.gardenvisioninc.com

Garden Vision designs living art

Selected Resources

- Institute of Sustainable Horticulture http://www.kwantlen.ca/ish/
- Plant lists

http://appserver1.kwantlen.ca/apps/plantid/plantid.nsf/searchhttp://www.greatplantpicks.org/http://plants.usda.gov/

- Great Plant Picks
 http://wwwgreatplantpicks.org
- Alternatives to pesticides, including IPM Washington Toxics Coalition at http://www.watoxics.org/
- Integrated pest management http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Integrated_pest_management

Selected Resources

- Plant Something http://plant-something.org/
- Alternatives to pesticides, including IPM Washington Toxics Coalition at http://www.watoxics.org/
- Integrated pest management http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Integrated_pest_management
- "Start with the Soil", Grace Gershuny
- "The New Organic Gardener", Eliot Coleman
- Vegetable Gardening West of the Casades, Steve Solomon

www.gardenvisioninc.com